PC Prostate Cancer SC Supportive Care

Managing the Impact of Prostate Cancer Treatments on Sexual Function & Intimacy

Christine Zarowski, RN BSN Sexual Health Clinician





OVERVIEW

- 1) What is normal male sexual function?
- 2) Erectile dysfunction
- 3) How prostate cancer and treatments can affect your sexual function
- 4) How to manage changes and symptoms
- 5) Therapies and sexual aids for erectile dysfunction
- 6) Communication & Intimacy
- 7) Lifestyle changes
- 8) Where to get further information and support

MALE SEXUAL FUNCTION

There are four stages of healthy male sexual function:

1. sexual desire or libido

2. erectile function

- 3. orgasm and ejaculation
- 4. resolution and refractory period

SEXUAL DESIRE/LIBIDO

- Sexual desire, libido and sex drive are all essentially a man's desire for sex
- There are a number of factors that can affect sexual desire, both physical and emotional

These can include:

Stress

Anxiety or Depression

Relationship Problems

Erectile Dysfunction

Premature Ejaculation

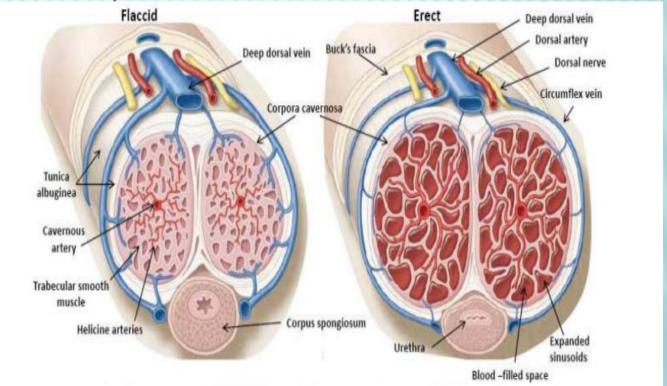
Pain

Medication

Testosterone

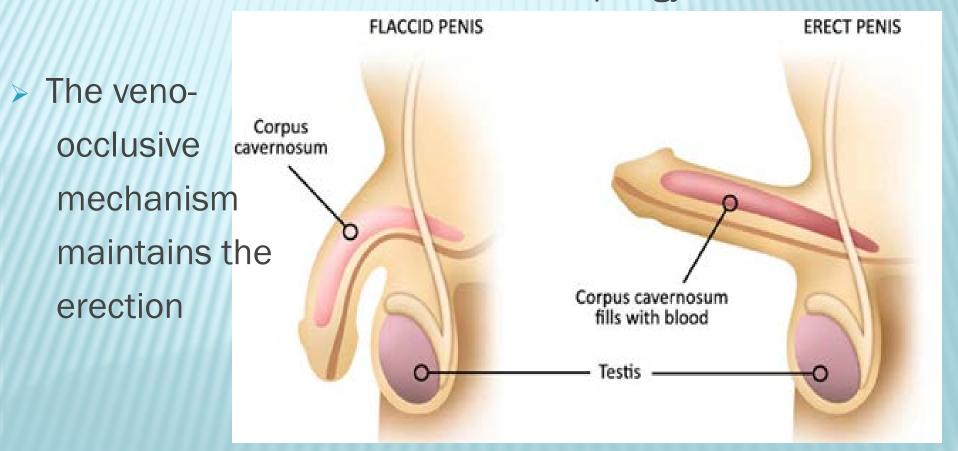
ERECTILE FUNCTION

- There are two tubes of spongy tissue that run along either side of the penis (corpora cavernosa)
- The third tube (corpus spongiosum) runs along the underside of the penis and surrounds the urethra (urine tube)



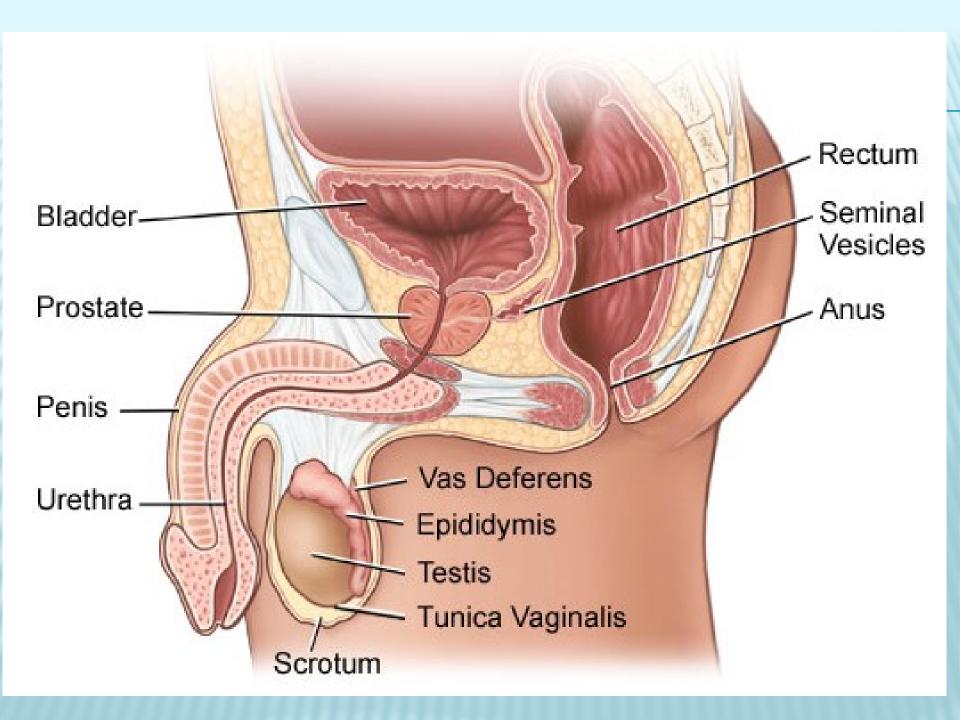
ERECTILE FUNCTION

The brain sends messages down the spinal cord and through nerves located near the prostate to tell the blood vessels to let more blood into the spongy tubes



ORGASM AND EJACULATION

- After continued sexual stimulation, men usually experience orgasm
- Sexual pleasure peaks, accompanied by rhythmic pelvic muscle contractions followed by ejaculation of semen
- Semen is then pushed through the urethra and out of the end of the penis
- The muscle or valve at the opening of the bladder closes during ejaculation to stop the backflow of semen into the bladder
- This valve also stops urine and semen passing down the urethra at the same time.



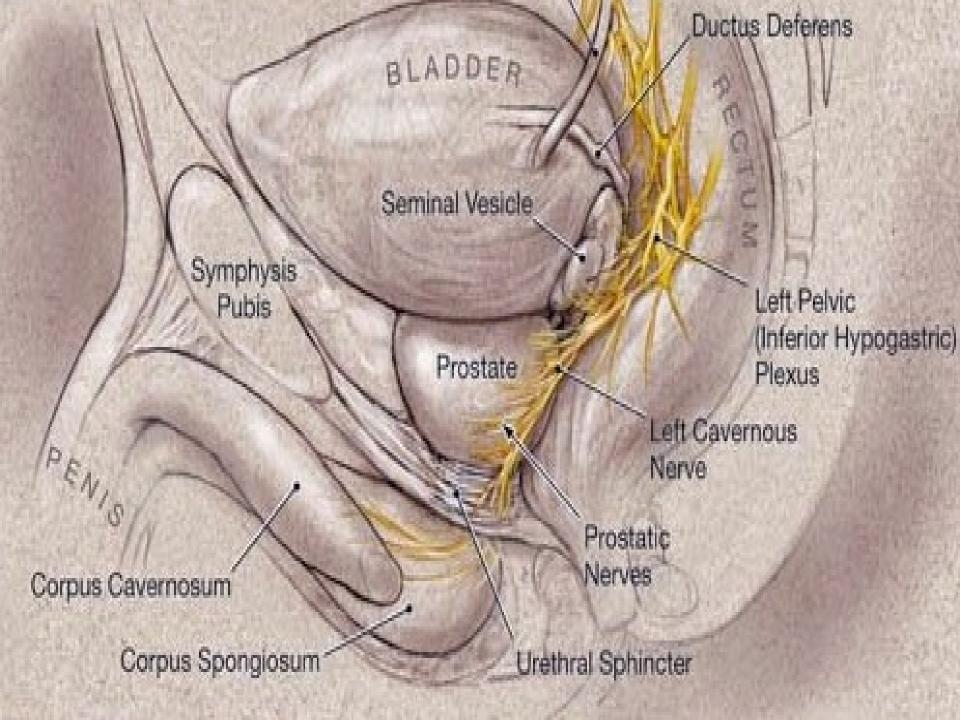
RESOLUTION AND REFRACTORY PERIOD

- After orgasm and ejaculation the erection subsides
- The man then enters a recovery period, during which another erection or orgasm is not possible for a period of time
- This resting time becomes longer with age
- A young man may be able to regain an erection within several minutes whereas for an older man this time period may range from hours to days.

ERECTILE DYSFUNCTION

While your prostate doesn't directly contribute to your ability to have an erection, it is surrounded by the bundles of nerves and blood vessels that are important for erections

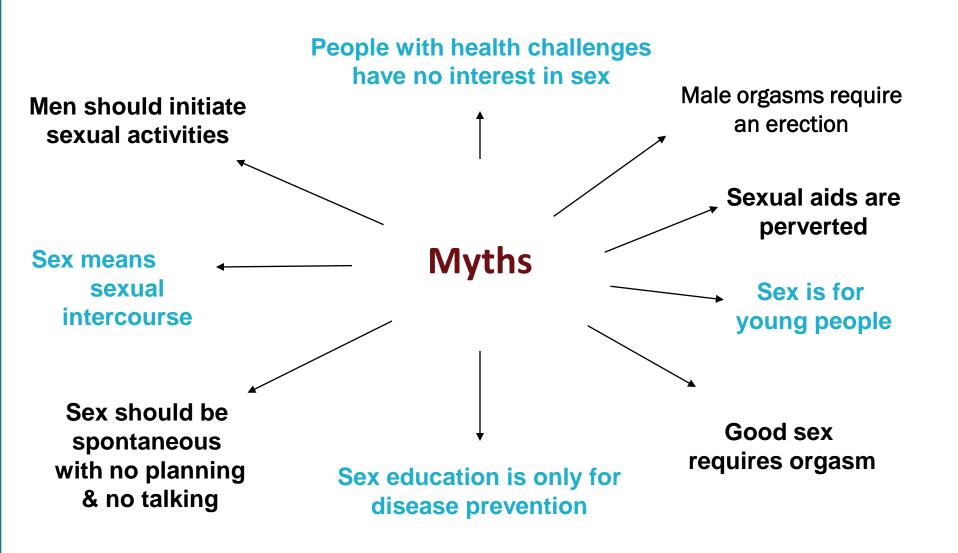
> Erectile dysfunction (ED) is relatively common



ERECTILE DYSFUNCTION CAN BE ASSOCIATED WITH:

- Medications
- Diabetes
- Cardiovascular disease or high blood pressure
- Lifestyle factors smoking, excessive alcohol, obesity, or limited exercise
- Psychological or emotional issues stress, anxiety or depression.

"You <u>can</u> have a good sex life after prostate cancer treatment"



SEXUAL ADAPTATION

- The process of <u>sexual adaptation</u> following prostate cancer treatment is complex and warrants the need to apply the principles of acceptance, flexibility, patience and persistence
- The process includes grieving loss and moving forward with new ways of being sexual along with redefining one's sexual self-view and corresponding sexual values
- ➤ Includes <u>sexual and penile rehabilitation</u>, which is a philosophy of care applying restorative and rehabilitation principles to adapt to limitations and maximize potential while remaining open minded to possibilities

	Onset	Sexual Drive	Erectile Dysfunction	Orgasm	Ejaculation	Penile Atrophy	Urinary Issues	Bowel Issues	Other Common Changes
Active Surveillance	n/a	if anxiety present	Potential if anxiety present	Potential changes if anxiety present	n/a	n/a	possible	n/a	n/a
Prostatectomy	Immediate	rarely	Immediate	40/40/20 may initially feel a burning or pain the first few orgasms	None "dry orgasm"	Possible	Possible leaking urine and/or climacturia, difficulty urinating is rare	n/a	n/a
Radiation Therapy (Brachytherapy & EBRT)	Delayed	Not directly affected	Delayed (6 mo. +)	With brachytherapy may have pain short- term	Decreased, dry and/or blood tinged	Possible	increased urinary frequency, difficulty urinating (retention), blood in urine for first few weeks with brachytherapy, burning with urination	Diarrhea, increased frequency and/or urgency, abdominal pain, bleeding (rare), inflammation of rectum and anus (proctitis)	Possible radiation burns, skin irritation
Androgen Deprivation Therapy	Delayed	1	Delayed	Decreased intensity	Changes	More common	n/a	n/a	Weight gain, breast swelling, fatigue

NERVE-SPARING SURGERY



- The nerves are a spray
- Best nerve sparing technique cannot guarantee their preservation
- Damaged by stretch, heat from electrocautery, cutting, damaged blood supply, inadvertent removal of accessory pudendal artery, wound healing
- Nerve recovery can take up to FOUR years. Your body has the final say

FACTORS THAT INFLUENCE RECOVERY OF ERECTIONS

- Age
- Existing disease processes
- Medications
- Smoking
- Pre-treatment sexual function
- Maintenance of corpora cavernosa (erectile tubes)
- Preservation and recovery of neurovascular bundles and blood vessels

HOW TO BEGIN

- Talk to yourself and your partner!
 - Discuss other ways you can enjoy sex without penetration... there are many! (erections are not needed to achieve orgasm!)
 - Let them know what feels good for you and ask them what feels good for them
- See us (PCSC sexual health clinician) in a 1:1 clinic session to individualize a care plan for you and attend our Couples Intimacy Workshop
- Talk to someone! Counselors and/or sex therapists can be very helpful in working out emotions through this process which assists in positive adaptation.
 - www.counsellingbc.com is a helpful website to find a counselor in your area. You can also specify your counselor by entering their specialty (for example: Sexuality)

MANAGING CLIMACTURIA OR URINE LEAKAGE

- Avoid fluids that are irritating to the bladder (caffeine, alcohol, carbonated beverages)
- Perform Kegel exercises regularly
- Empty the bladder prior and after being sexual
- Avoid pressure on the bladder
- Use a tension ring, adjustable penile constriction loop or condom
- Be sexual in an environment where it is okay to have some urine leakage, such as a shower
- Protect the sexual play area
- Have a scented cloth available

FACILITATING ORGASMS

- Change breathing patterns: experiment with the depth and the frequency of breath. Sometimes hastened breath can bring about orgasm sooner whereas slow deep breath can prolong the actual orgasm
- Perform Kegel exercises to help strengthen the pelvic floor,
- Adjust the sexual stimulation by starting and stopping the stimulation allowing for build up of sexual tension before allowing the orgasmic release,
- Introduce different types of stimulation: vibrators may help to stimulate the nerves responsible for orgasm and also may stimulate the cavernous nerves responsible for erections, and/or
- Change the style of lovemaking: introduce more psychologically (versus genitally) based arousal techniques into the sexual profile (example Tantric Sex).

TIPS FOR SEXUAL AROUSAL

- Set up a dedicated time to be sexual
- Enhance your environment
- Use the process of "Simmering"
- Practice Mindfulness: Stay "present" when being sexual. Distractions can take away from the engagement in the sexual activities therefore interfere with the sexual response cycle.
- Don't be a "Spectator"

MANAGING FATIGUE, WEIGHT GAIN AND HOT FLASHES

- > Journal your energy cycles
- > Exercise
- Review dietary intake
- > Identify triggers for hot flashes
- Acupuncture/Medication (Gabapentin, Lyrica)

MARTIN'S STORY

https://youtu.be/AVOyZIiWTng



Therapies and **Sexual Aids** for **Erectile Dysfunction**

PENILE REHABILITATION

- What is it?
- How long does penile rehabilitation go on for?
- How often is it done?
- Be proactive...develop a plan
- This can be done with:

manual stimulation (penile massage),
erection enhancing medications and/or
with the use of the vacuum pump erection device.

Medications and Treatments for ED

ORAL MEDICATIONS (PDE5 INHIBITORS)

Short-Acting

(4-10 hours)

Viagra



Levitra (Vardenafil)



Staxyn (Vardenafil)



Long-Acting (36 hours) Cialis (Tadalafil)

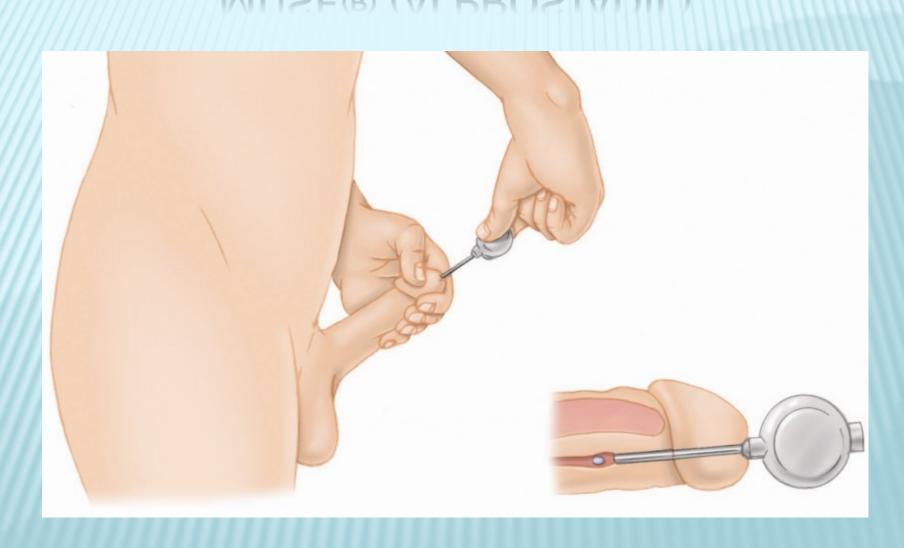


Daily Therapy for Penile Rehabilitation and/or Erectile Therapy

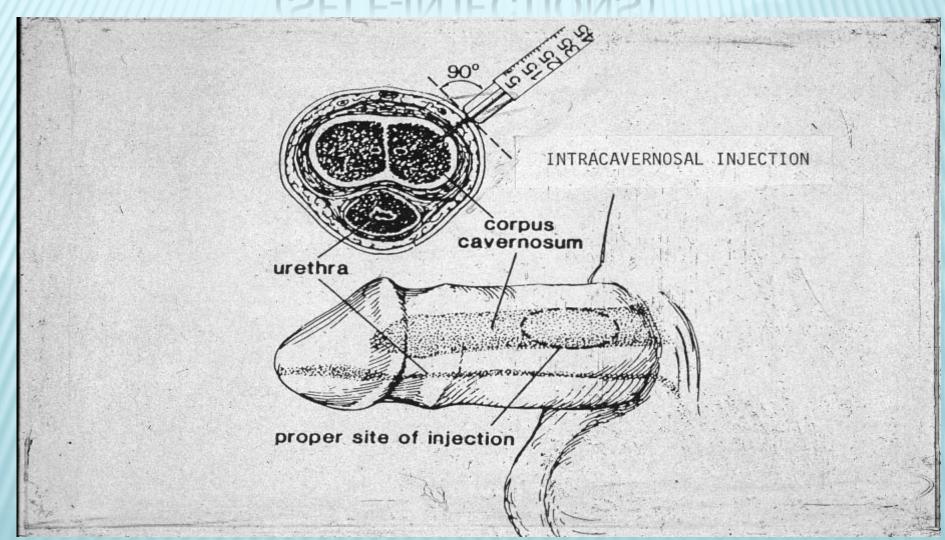
Cialis (Tadalafil) daily low dose



MUSE® (ALPROSTADIL)



INTRACAVERNOSAL (PENILE) INJECTIONS (SELF-INJECTIONS)



VACCUM PUMP ERECTION DEVICE (VED)



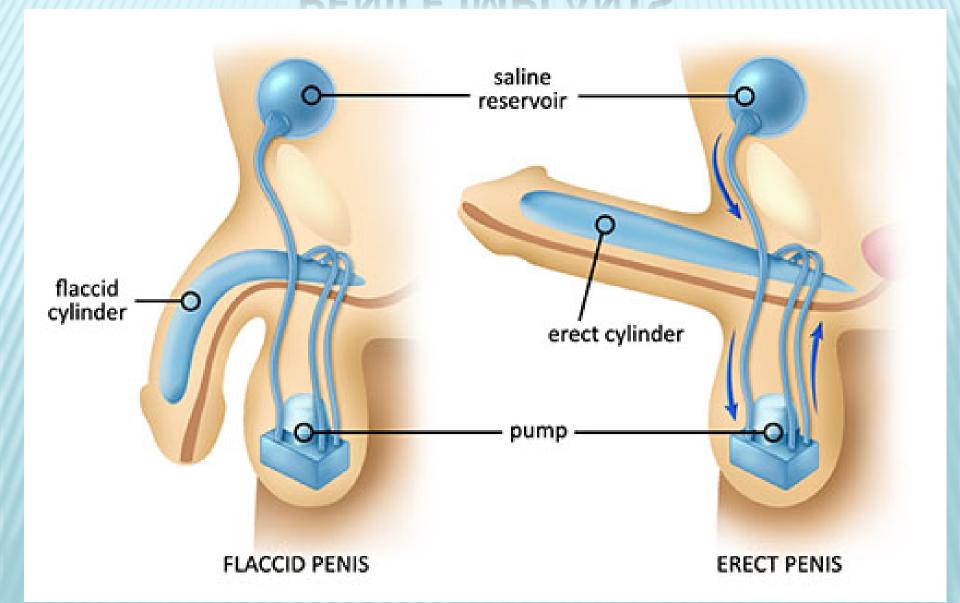
VACUUM PUMP ERECTILE DEVICE (VED)



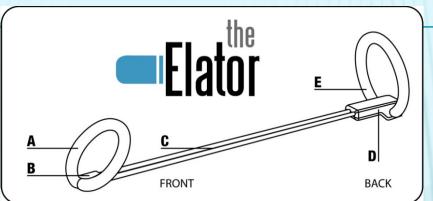
CONSTRICTION/TENSION BANDS



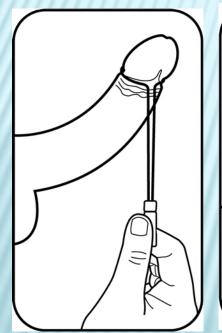
PENILE IMPLANTS

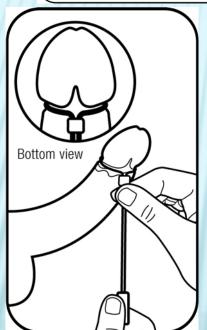


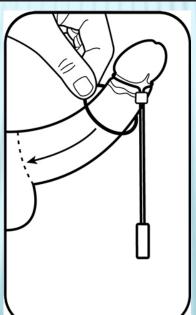
Sexual Aids and Devices

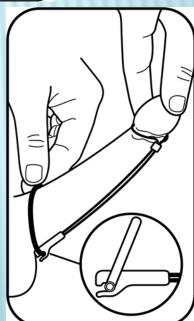


www.elator.com





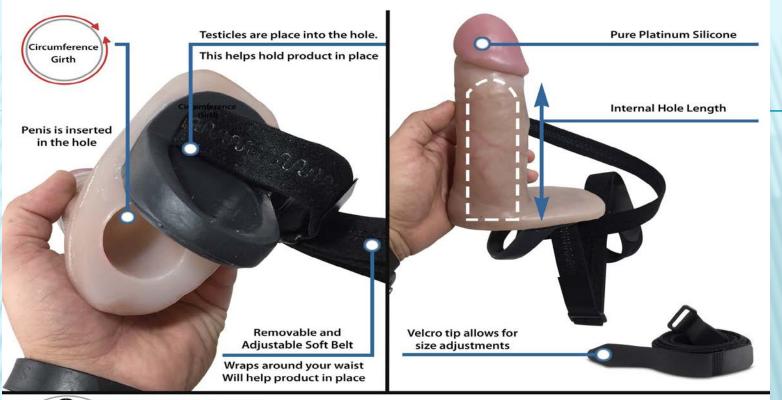


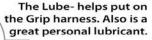


PROSTHETIC PENIS (DILDO) WITH HARNESS



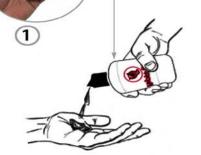




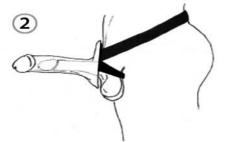


Instruction Guide

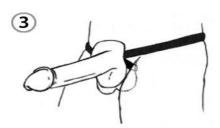
www.rxsleeve.com



Pour"The Lube" into the palm of your hand or directly onto your genitals



Stretch the loop and carefully slide testicles into thehole. Next, slide your penis into the shaft hole



Adjust the postion for comfort and enjoy

VIBRATORS

LUBRICANTS AND VAGINAL MOISTURIZERS



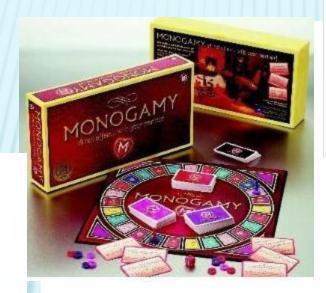




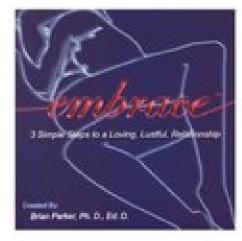




GAMES

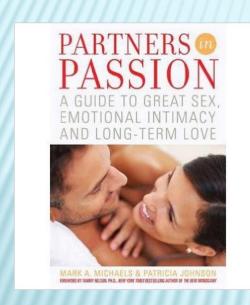


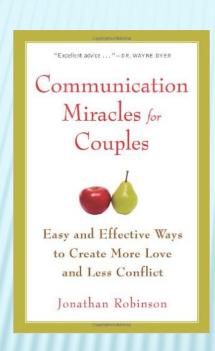


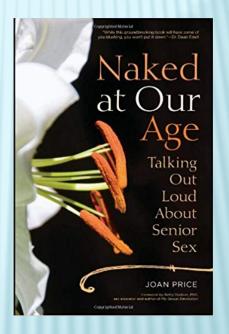


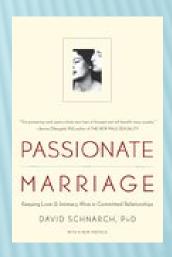


BOOKS, EROTICA AND MUSIC







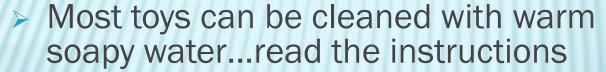


INCORPORATING SEXUAL AIDS AND THERAPIES IN YOUR LIFE

- > Remember that nothing is a quick fix!
- If partnered, involve your partner when choosing an item
- Take some time to get comfortable on your own
- > Plan it!
- Change it up!
- Make it fun!

TIPS FOR SUCCESS

- Choose toys, games, props together
- Toys made of silicone, glass or metal are not as porous and therefore will not harbour bacteria as easily as latex products



- Devices should be cleaned before putting them in different orifices
- Removing the batteries can help save energy and eliminate the chance of the device turning on accidently



Communication & Intimacy

Being Single

- All the treatments are available to you whether you want to be able to masturbate, have sex, or want to start a new relationship.
- Take time to understand and come to terms with the sexual consequences of the treatment(s).
- Think about how you may share your cancer experience with a new partner. (Practice, timing, honesty, keeping it simple)
- Remember you are the best gift you can give someone!

RELATIONSHIPS

- Are individual and private and continue to evolve
- Important both partners are open with each other on how the cancer experience has affected each person and the relationship.
- Sexual activity may or may not be important.
- Having an erection is still very important for many men.
- Acknowledge whichever prostate cancer treatment option you choose, there will be side effects impacting your sexual function and sex life

RELATIONSHIPS

- If you want to remain sexual, there are treatments and options available!
- It may take some time and experimenting to find what you prefer and what works for you
- It can be helpful to acknowledge all of the dimensions of intimacy (emotional, relational and sexual)
- There are many ways to be sexual (beyond penetrative sexual activity)

COMMUNICATION

Why talk?

- ▶ If you have a partner, talking about sex, your thoughts and feelings will help you both deal with any changes. Try not to guess how your partner feels about things – guesses can often be wrong.
- It is not always easy to talk about sex and relationships, even if you have been together for a long time. But communication can bring you even closer together and make you feel more confident about facing changes and challenges.

COMMUNICATION

- Think about what you want from your sex life and relationship. Ask your partner to do the same.
- Discuss both your thoughts and work out how you can make this happen or areas where you might be able to compromise.
- If you don't feel comfortable talking about sex and your relationship, you could both write down your thoughts and ideas in letters to each other.
- You could also suggest that you see a relationship counsellor together. A sex therapist can also help you find ways to talk about sex.

TALKING ABOUT SEX WITH YOUR PARTNER

- Practice saying "those words"
- Make sure to express your needs from a personal perspective - this will help put your partner at ease
- Be clear, honest and open about your desires, your likes and dislikes
- Pay attention to your partner's responses, and take your partner's feelings into consideration
- Clarify understanding...paraphrase what you thought you heard
- Ask questions
- Acknowledge your partners views matter to you (SexualityandU.ca)

ENHANCING INTIMACY

- Give yourself permission
- Remain positive and open minded
- Take the time...make dedicated time
- Maximize potential
- Adapt to limitations
- Reduction of goal oriented sex/intimacy
- Pleasure focused (intercourse/outercourse)
- Use all your senses
- Sexual environment
- Learn about each other's sexuality
- Remember the brain is the biggest sexual organ
- Have fun!



- Quit smoking
 - smoking has a harmful effect on blood circulation; good erectile function requires good circulation
- Eat a healthy, balanced diet
 - this can assist in lowering cholesterol; high cholesterol can block arteries and reduce the good circulation and blood flow required to achieve erections (PCSC Dietician available at no expense)

Exercise

- regular exercise has many benefits including assisting with maintaining a healthy body weight, prevention of fatigue and assisting in overall wellbeing and mood (PCSC Exercise Physiologist available at no expense)
- Cut down on alcohol
 - long term heavy drinking can affect erections due to damaged nerves, liver damage and hormone imbalances. Plan to drink responsibly (no more than two standard drinks on any day)

"This experience gave me a license to be intimate with myself"

PATIENCE AND PERSISTANCE CREATE A SEXUAL LIFE THAT YOU ARE COMFORTABLE WITH



QUESTIONS?

CONTACT INFORMATION

Christine Zarowski (Sexual Health Clinician)

christine.zarowski@vch.ca

Monica Tancon (Sexual Health Clinician)

monica.tancon@vch.ca

• 604-875-4495

PROGRAM CONTACT DETAILS

Prostate Cancer Supportive Care (PCSC) Program Gordon & Leslie Diamond Health Care Centre Level 6, 2775 Laurel Street Vancouver, BC V5Z 1M9, CANADA

Monita Sundar, MA
Program Manager
Telephone: 604-875-4485
Fax: 604-875-4637

Email: PCSC@vch.ca Website: www.PCSCProgram.ca



